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A revista "Brasileiro O Ozo" Recently, wrote an article about the biggest derby in Minas Gerais, the "Clássico Mineiro," disputed between Clube Atlético Mineiro and Cruzeiro. The rivalry has its origins in the 1920s, when both teams were founded, and is considered the second-most popular derby in Brazil, behind Corinthians x Palmeiras.

The main disputes between these two teams began years after Cruzeiro, originally named Sociedade Esportiva Palestra Itália, was founded in 1921. However, it was in the 1940s that the rivalry strengthened and became the largest derby in Minas Gerais, rivaling any other football competition in the state during the 1960s.

At the time being, Atlético competes in several sports modalities; however, it has an excellent historical record in football, providing the most international-class players of any football club from Minas Gerais. In contrast, Cruzeiro, which holds the largest number of national football titles, is considered the second most popular football club in Minas.

It's interesting to mention that even though both teams hold a historic rivalry in football, a study reveals that each team has unique fan characteristics. Atlético fans are predominantly males (76%) from high-income neighborhoods (41%.) While Cruzeiro has a contrasting audience: with more than 50% of fans being female and having a prevalence of income ranging from middle (32%) to high levels (28%).

La Rivalidad Entre el Dinero Y El Glorioso

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O sertaconazol um medicamento antifúngico de espectro amplo que atua contra dermatófitos dos gêneros Trichophyton, Epidermophyton e Microsporum, bem como leveduras dos gêneros Candida e Cryptococcus. Além disso, o sertaconazol é eficaz contra fungos filamentosos oportunistas e bactérias gram-positivas.

O sertaconazol costuma ser empregado no tratamento de condições na pele caracterizadas por coceira, inflamação e brilho, incluindo pityriasis (tinea) versicolor, pitiríase simples e pitiríase alba, entre outras, graças à eficácia na redução dos sintomas associados a estas afecções.

Em termos de eficácia, um estudo clínico observou que, ao final do período de tratamento, um percentual maior dos pacientes que utilizar